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# Salt Spray Test Chamber Working, Installation Guide, Concept, and Standard Analysis

**Salt Spray Test Chambers** are specialized equipment used for testing the corrosion resistance of materials and surface coatings. Manufactured by **Effective Lab India**, these chambers simulate a corrosive environment to evaluate the durability of **coatings**, **paints**, **metals**, and **other materials** exposed to salt-laden conditions.

**Salt Spray Test Concept**: The salt spray test is an accelerated corrosion test that subjects samples to a controlled environment of salt mist. This test is commonly used for quality assurance and research purposes to ensure materials meet specific corrosion resistance standards.



- **Test Principle:** A solution of sodium chloride (NaCl) is atomized using compressed air to create a fine mist inside the test chamber. This mist settles on the samples, exposing them to highly corrosive conditions. - Purpose: The test is designed to replicate harsh environmental conditions to predict the longevity and performance of materials in real-world applications.

### Working of Salt Spray Test Chamber:

 Preparation: - Prepare a solution with distilled water and NaCl (typically 5% concentration). - Ensure the pH of the solution is within the desired range, usually between 6.5 and 7.2.
Chamber Operation: - The chamber is equipped with a reservoir for the salt solution, a heater for temperature control, and atomizing nozzles.







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- The solution is drawn into the nozzle using compressed air, creating a fine mist that is evenly distributed across the chamber. - The chamber maintains a controlled environment at a specific temperature (e.g., 35°C for neutral salt spray testing). 3. Sample Placement:

**3. Sample Placement:** - Samples are placed at an angle (typically 15-30 degrees) to ensure uniform exposure to the mist. - The duration of the test depends on the standard or specification being followed.



4. **Monitoring and Documentation**: - Monitor the chamber's temperature, mist density, and pH levels throughout the test.

- After the test, inspect the samples for corrosion, blistering, or coating degradation.

Installation Guide

### **1. Site Requirements**:

- Install the chamber in a well-ventilated area with proper drainage facilities.
- Ensure a stable, vibration-free surface for the chamber.
- Provide access to power supply and compressed air.

## 2. Utility Connections:

- Connect the chamber to a dedicated power outlet with appropriate voltage as specified by the manufacturer.

- Attach a compressed air line with a pressure regulator.
- 3. Initial Setup: Calibrate the chamber controls, including temperature, air pressure, and mist flow rate.
- Conduct a trial run to check for leaks, mist uniformity, and temperature stability.











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#### 4. Maintenance Tips:

- Regularly clean the chamber and its components to prevent salt buildup.
- Replace filters and inspect nozzles periodically for proper functioning.

Standard Analysis The salt spray test adheres to several international standards, including:

**1. ASTM B117:** The most widely used standard for salt spray testing. Specifies test conditions, sample

placement, and evaluation criteria.

**2. ISO 9227:** Provides guidelines for neutral salt spray (NSS), acetic acid salt spray (AASS), and copper-accelerated acetic acid salt spray (CASS) tests.

3. JIS Z 2371: A Japanese standard outlining test methods for corrosion resistance evaluation.



### Key Parameters Evaluated -

Time to Corrosion: The duration before visible corrosion appears on the sample.

- Coating Performance: Assessment of blistering, peeling, or discoloration.
- Material Durability: Comparison of corrosion rates between different materials or coatings.

#### **Conclusion:**

<u>Salt Spray Test Chambers</u> by **Effective Lab India** offers a reliable method for assessing the corrosion resistance of materials. Proper installation, regular maintenance, and adherence to test standards are essential for accurate results. These chambers play a critical role in ensuring the quality and longevity of products across various industries, including automotive, aerospace, and construction.

